



LYDIARD PARK ACADEMY

Health and Safety Policy

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Introduction

1.1. Aims and Scope

This Policy sets out how the Trust expects Health and Safety to be managed across all aspects of its operations and activities.

The Trustees recognise that they are ultimately responsible for Health and Safety across the Trust and this policy sets out how the management of health and safety should be delivered.

1.2. Other linked Policies and Documents

Scheme of Delegation(s)

Terms of Reference for Local Governing Bodies (LAB's)

Risk Register

Trust Organisational Statement

Local Health and Safety Policy and Procedures

First Aid Policy

2. Policy Statement

The Trust intends and expects that all decisions around health and safety should reflect its vision and values:

Our aim:

To create centres of educational excellence that inspire all pupils to turn their potential into performance

To achieve this our schools will:

Provide a broad and balanced curriculum that allows pupils to develop their talents and ambitions

Deliver the highest quality learning opportunities facilitated by excellent teachers

Inspire our pupils to become confident, motivated and respectful individuals ready to make a positive contribution to society

The Trust will support our schools by:

Maximising the resources and expertise available to individual schools

Providing a platform for the sharing of excellent practice

Challenging and developing staff to turn their potential into performance

Each School or Academy within the Trust will produce its own local health and safety policy linked to this document, supported by an organisational statement and local arrangements. This policy forms the basis of future planning to achieve a high standard of health and safety in line with the Health and Safety at Work etc Act 1974 (HASAWA). It describes how the Trust will implement health and safety in and across its schools and academies. Health and safety will be linked with other legal requirements such as; safeguarding, food hygiene, transport safety, environmental protection and waste management.

The Trustees understand that many of these items will be regulated through legislation other than HASAWA

2.1. Trustee Statement of General Policy

As a board, Trustees will collectively accept responsibility for the setting out of a suitable organisation and giving staff appropriate roles to ensure a high standard of health and safety. They will make arrangements to carry out those tasks, jobs and other functions needed to achieve this. (Section 2 (3) HASAWA)

As individuals the Trustees recognise, they have a duty not to consent or connive in a matter likely to be a breach of health and safety law nor to neglect any matter that may be a breach of the law. (Section 37 HASAWA)

The Board will delegate specific responsibility for the oversight of health and safety to the finance and audit committee as part of its risk management remit. This is to aid the board collectively in achieving a high standard of health and safety across the Trust.

As the employer the Trust, controlled by the Board of Trustees, will meet its legal duty to ensure, so far as is reasonably practicable, the health and safety of its employees. (Section 2(1) HASAWA)

The Trust will ensure that people not employed by it are also protected against harm from any of its activities. This covers pupils, visitors and contractors and members of the public. Activities include those at the Trust's locations as well as off-site activities such as during an educational visit. (Section 3 HASAWA)

The Trust will provide an adequate budget for health and safety.

The Trust will support its Schools and Academies to develop their policy and practice and encourage the discussion and sharing of best practice across the Trust.

The Trust will ensure that it has access to health and safety advisors internally as staff members and by using external contractors and competent people as needed.

The Trust will, where appropriate, involve employees in the discussion of health and safety matters. Consultation will occur through the LAB's, by employee and trade union representatives and through direct consultation as appropriate. Member Schools and Academies may choose any suitable equitable approach appropriate to their working arrangements. (Safety Representatives and Safety Committees Regulations 1977 and Health and Safety (Consultation with Employees) Regulations 1996)

The Board of Trustees will monitor and audit health and safety practice across the Trust. They will update the Trust risk register regularly.

The Trustees understand there is no such thing as "common sense" in that different people have varying life experiences, knowledge and understanding. They will support employees and other people, including pupils, in gaining recognised levels of skill, knowledge and experience.

The Board of Trustees will review and update this policy statement at least once a year. The organisation and arrangements will be improved whenever practical.

The Trust, as an educational organisation, supports the concept of "being risk aware rather than risk averse". All employees and pupils should go home "safe and healthy" however this does not mean banning or denying access to exciting, interesting and rewarding learning opportunities.

2.2. Audit and Compliance

The Trust will conduct a range of internal compliance checks and audits both announced and unannounced. These will be conducted by external specialists and supported by internal review.

All staff are expected to cooperate fully with any form of compliance check or audit.

Breaches of the Trust Health and Safety Policy and its associated policies (including by default Local arrangements) and procedures are a considerable risk to the Trust and will be reviewed under the Trust Disciplinary procedure.

All Trust Schools and Academies will produce local arrangements and procedures specific to their location, needs and activities. For the avoidance of doubt, no School or Academy is authorised to operate procedures that vary, or are detrimental to this policy.

This Policy may not cover every eventuality and additional guidance or procedures may be issued from time to time that will automatically form a part of this policy.

Statement of Health, Safety and Wellbeing Policy for The Park Academies 2024

This statement of “Health, Safety and Wellbeing Policy” is produced in respect of The Park Academies Trust. It forms the basis of future planning and implementation of health, safety and wellbeing (HS&W) matters.

1.0 Lydiard Park Academy Statement of General Policy

- 1.1 The Park Academies Trust is the employer of its staff both centrally and at its academies. There is a Local Advisory Body/Head of School (LAB/HT) with delegated powers. The (LAB/HT) will:
 - 1.1.1 Accept its responsibility for setting out the overall establishments HS&W Policy and undertake to take all reasonable steps within its power to prevent or reduce the possibility of:
 - Harm, injury and ill-health to children, employees, parents, contractors, visitors to the school and members of the general public;
 - Damage to property, plant, machinery, equipment, tools and other materials;
 - Harm to the environment
 - 1.2 Ensure, so far as is reasonably practicable, that the establishment’s budget reflects the finance necessary to implement Health, Safety & Wellbeing requirements.
 - 1.3 Accept its responsibility under the Health and Safety at Work etc Act 1974, so far as is reasonably practicable to:
 - 1.3.1 Provide plant, equipment and systems of work which are safe and without risks to health;

- 1.3.2 Make arrangements for ensuring the handling, storage and transportation of articles and substances are safe and without risk to health;
- 1.3.3 Provide suitable and sufficient information, instruction, training and supervision to enable all employees, children, parents and carers at the establishment to perform their work, learning and play safely and efficiently;
- 1.3.4 Promote the development and maintenance of sound HS&W practices ensuring that any actions taken are inclusive and non-discriminatory;
- 1.3.5 Maintain the premises in a condition that is safe and without risks to health and ensure the maintenance of safe access to and exit from the premises;
- 1.3.6 Provide and maintain a working environment that is safe and without risks to health and adequate as regards welfare facilities for employees, children, parents and carers.
- 1.3.7 Provide as necessary personal protective equipment (“PPE”) to all employees, volunteers, parents, children and visitors in the setting, for the safe use of plant, machinery, equipment, tools, materials and substances for work or within the curriculum.
- 1.3.8 Maintain a close interest in all health and safety matters insofar as they affect all activities under the control of the establishment. In particular they will work closely with other agencies sharing the premises to cooperate on work-related health and safety matters. They will also check that parents and carers and community groups are also health and safety aware.
- 1.3.9 Keep themselves up to date on relevant health, safety and wellbeing matters through employers, professional development, advice from the Trust and the setting’s competent person/s, the Head of School or Director of Finance and Operations/Trust Board.
- 1.4 Recognise the requirement to engage and consult staff on Health, safety and Wellbeing matters which will be achieved by discussion through the setting’s safety committee, or other effective means.
- 1.5 Agree that one of their members to be designated the “Health and Safety LAB Member who will attend meetings of the safety committee and speak on HS&W matters at the appropriate sub-committee and/or (LGB)
- 1.6 Delegate authority for the development and implementation of this policy to the Head of School who will:
 - ensure that arrangements will be made to bring this policy to the notice of all employees (including new, temporary and part-time employees) at Lydiard Park Academy.
 - The Head of School will also bring it to the attention of parents/carers, agency and other contract staff, contractors, volunteer helpers and the children so that

they fulfil their duties to co-operate with this policy.

- The Head of School will liaise with other agencies and groups using the site during school hours to ensure consistent health and safety outcomes.

- 1.7 Recognise their responsibility for monitoring HS&W performance, including auditing and will require the Head of School to present reports Health and Safety, Wellbeing and related matters to the LAB at each meeting. This will include evidence of safety inspections carried out by representatives of the setting at least three times a year.
- 1.8 Seek to continually improve HS&W Policies, Procedures, Codes of Practice and Guidelines. Cross-cutting matters such as safeguarding and inclusion will be linked in so there are no policy gaps.
- 1.9 Review this policy on a regular basis to confirm that the arrangements are still appropriate. The review will take place whenever there are significant changes in the arrangements and not later than 24 months from the previous review date. This policy will be re-edited and re-issued within three months of the review date where this is deemed necessary.

2.0 Organisation and arrangements of the school for health, safety and wellbeing

- 2.1 The Employer of Lydiard Park Academy recognise the need to identify organisational arrangements in the school for implementing, controlling and monitoring HS&W matters. In this matter they follow the guidance in document *HSG 65 Managing for Health and Safety* published by the Health and Safety Executive. They also accept the need to consult individuals before allocating particular health, safety and wellbeing functions. Individual duties including reporting arrangements and, therefore, organisation and accountability follow.
- 2.2 Functional elements: School organisation for health, safety and wellbeing showing links with safeguarding and food safety etc.
- 2.3 Lydiard Park Academy ensure a positive working environment which is conducive to staff wellbeing by implementing several strategies to support this, which include clear communication, ensuring employees have an appropriate work life balance, dedicated space for time out, and planned meetings/ department time.

1. Local Aims

Our school aims to:

- Provide and maintain a safe and healthy environment
- Establish and maintain safe working procedures amongst staff, pupils and all visitors to the school site
- Have robust procedures in place in case of emergencies

- Ensure that the premises and equipment are maintained safely, and are regularly inspected

2. Legislation

This policy is based on advice from the Department for Education on health and safety in schools and the following legislation:

- The Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974, which sets out the general duties' employers have towards employees and duties relating to lettings
- The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1992, which require employers to make an assessment of the risks to the health and safety of their employees
- The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999, which require employers to carry out risk assessments, make arrangements to implement necessary measures, and arrange for appropriate information and training
- The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002, which require employers to control substances that are hazardous to health
- The Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations (RIDDOR) 2013, which state that some accidents must be reported to the Health and Safety Executive and set out the timeframe for this and how long records of such accidents must be kept
- The Health and Safety (Display Screen Equipment) Regulations 1992, which require employers to carry out digital screen equipment assessments and states users' entitlement to an eyesight test
- The Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations 1998, which require work on gas fittings to be carried out by someone on the Gas Safe Register
- The Regulatory Reform (Fire Safety) Order 2005, which requires employers to take general fire precautions to ensure the safety of their staff
- The Work at Height Regulations 2005, which requires employers to protect their staff from falls from height

The school follows national guidance published by UK Health Security Agency (formerly Public Health England) and government guidance on living with COVID-19 when responding to infection control issues.

3. Roles and responsibilities

3.1 The governing board

The governing board has ultimate responsibility for health and safety matters in the school, but will delegate day-to-day responsibility to the School Operations Manager.

The governing board has a duty to take reasonable steps to ensure that staff and pupils are not exposed to risks to their health and safety. This applies to activities on or off the school premises.

The Park Academies Trust as the employer, also has a duty to:

- Assess the risks to staff and others affected by school activities in order to identify and introduce the health and safety measures necessary to manage those risks
- Inform employees about risks and the measures in place to manage them
- Ensure that adequate health and safety training is provided

3.2 Headteacher

The headteacher is responsible for overall health and safety however delegates the day-to-day running to the Operations Manager. This involves:

- Implementing the health and safety policy
- Ensuring there is enough staff to safely supervise pupils
- Ensuring that the school building and premises are safe and regularly inspected
- Providing adequate training for school staff
- Reporting to the governing board on health and safety matters
- Ensuring appropriate evacuation procedures are in place and regular fire drills are held
- Ensuring that in their absence, health and safety responsibilities are delegated to another member of staff
- Ensuring all risk assessments are completed and reviewed
- Monitoring site team and hygiene team , and ensuring site & hygiene teams are appropriately trained and have access to personal protective equipment, where necessary

3.3 Health and safety lead

The nominated health and safety lead is Michelle Newman, Operations Manager.

3.4 Staff

School staff have a duty to take care of pupils in the same way that a prudent parent would do so.

Staff will:

- Take reasonable care of their own health and safety and that of others who may be affected by what they do at work
- Co-operate with the school on health and safety matters
- Work in accordance with training and instructions
- Inform the appropriate person of any work situation representing a serious and immediate danger so that remedial action can be taken
- Model safe and hygienic practice for pupils
- Understand emergency evacuation procedures and feel confident in implementing them

3.5 Pupils and parents

Pupils and parents are responsible for following the school's health and safety advice, on-site and off-site, and for reporting any health and safety incidents to a member of staff.

3.6 Contractors

Contractors will agree health and safety practices with the Operations Manager, before starting work. Before work begins, the contractor will provide evidence that they have completed an adequate risk assessment of all their planned work.

3.7 The School – Lydiard Park Academy

Are responsible for all compliance elements, general maintenance, hard and soft services within Lydiard Park Academy School.

- Facilities Management
- Cleaning and Waste Management
- Buildings, Installations and Asset Maintenance
- Grounds Maintenance and Pest Control
- Utilities
- Premise Management
- Furniture, Fittings and Equipment
- ICT infrastructure
- Catering

4. Site security

Lydiard Park Academy are responsible for the security of the school site in and out of school hours. They are responsible for visual inspections of the site, and for the intruder and fire alarm systems.

5. Fire

The Responsible Person for Fire Safety arrangements at Lydiard Park Academy is Head of School Mr Gary Pearson

Emergency exits, assembly points and assembly point instructions are clearly identified by safety signs and notices. Fire risk assessment of the premises will be reviewed regularly.

Emergency evacuations are practised at least once a term.

The fire alarm is a loud continuous alarm.

Fire alarm testing will take place once per week, every Saturday

New staff will be trained in fire safety and all staff and pupils will be made aware of any new fire risks.

In the event of a fire:

- The alarm will be raised immediately by whoever discovers the fire and emergency services contacted. Evacuation procedures will also begin immediately

- Fire extinguishers may be used by staff only, and only then if staff are trained in how to operate them and are confident, they can use them without putting themselves or others at risk
- Staff and pupils will congregate at the assembly points. These are on the tennis courts rear of the school and an assembly point to the left of the main gates at the front of the school.
- Form tutors/class teachers will take a register of pupils, which will then be checked against the attendance register of that day
- The Operations Manager, Senior Leadership Team and Receptionist will take a register of all staff
- Staff and pupils will remain outside the building until the emergency services say it is safe to re-enter

Lydiard Park Academy has special arrangements in place for the evacuation of people with mobility needs and fire risk assessments will also pay particular attention to those with disabilities.

6. COSHH

Schools are required to control hazardous substances, which can take many forms, including:

- Chemicals
- Products containing chemicals
- Fumes
- Dusts
- Vapors
- Mists
- Gases and asphyxiating gases
- Germs that cause diseases, such as leptospirosis or legionnaires disease

Control of substances hazardous to health (COSHH) risk assessments are completed by Operations Manager Science Technicians, and Art & DT Technicians and circulated to all employees who work with hazardous substances. Staff will also be provided with protective equipment, where necessary.

Our staff use and store hazardous products in accordance with instructions on the product label. All hazardous products are kept in their original containers, with clear labelling and product information.

Hazardous products are stocked in locked cupboards away from pupils for safe keeping.

Any hazardous products are disposed of in accordance with specific disposal procedures.

Emergency procedures, including procedures for dealing with spillages, are displayed near where hazardous products are stored and in areas where they are routinely used.

The school hold COSHH details of all cleaning chemicals used on site, available upon request, and within all cleaning cupboards.

Science Technicians hold COSHH details for all chemicals held within the secure Science chemical stores

Art & DT Technicians hold COSHH details for all chemicals held within the secure Art & DT stores.

COSHH Nominated Responsibility Chart

Lydiard Park Academies	Operations manager – Michelle Newman
Science	Science Technicians- Francisco Dias, William Trueman & Sharon Hall
D&T & Art & Food Tech	Technicians – Mitchell Batt & Sally Bunce
All Other	Operations Manager- Michelle Newman

6.1 Gas safety

- Installation, maintenance and repair of gas appliances and fittings will be carried out by a competent Gas Safe registered engineer
- Gas pipework, appliances and flues are regularly maintained
- All rooms with gas appliances are checked to ensure they have adequate ventilation

6.2 Legionella

- A water risk assessment was completed in February 2024. The school caretakers are responsible for ensuring that the identified operational controls are conducted and recorded in the school's water log book
- This risk assessment will be reviewed every 2 years and when significant changes have occurred to the water system and/or building footprint
- The risks from legionella are mitigated by the following: annual water system disinfections, L8 water sampling on a 6 monthly basis, quarterly water sampling, and weekly water temperature testing.

6.3 Asbestos

- Staff are briefed on the hazards of asbestos, the location of any asbestos in the school and the action to take if they suspect they have disturbed it
- Arrangements are in place to ensure that contractors are made aware of any asbestos on the premises and that it is not disturbed by their work
- Contractors will be advised that if they discover material that they suspect could be asbestos, they will stop work immediately until the area is declared safe
- A record is kept of the location of asbestos that has been found on the school site (None on LPA site identified).

6.4 Radon

- Lydiard Park Academy is not in a Radon affected area.

7. Equipment

All equipment and machinery is maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. In addition, maintenance schedules outline when extra checks should take place.

When new equipment is purchased, it is checked to ensure it meets appropriate educational standards.

All equipment is stored in the appropriate storage containers and areas. All containers are labelled with the correct hazard sign and contents.

7.1 Electrical equipment

- All staff are responsible for ensuring they use and handle electrical equipment sensibly and safely
- Any pupil or volunteer who handles electrical appliances does so under the supervision of the member of staff who so directs them
- Any potential hazards will be reported to the school Operations Manager immediately
- Permanently installed electrical equipment is connected through a dedicated isolator switch and adequately earthed
- Only trained staff members can check plugs
- Where necessary, a portable appliance test (PAT) will be carried out by a competent person
- All isolator switches are clearly marked to identify their machine
- Electrical apparatus and connections will not be touched by wet hands and will only be used in dry conditions
- Maintenance, repair, installation and disconnection work associated with permanently installed or portable electrical equipment is only carried out by a competent person

7.2 PE equipment

- Pupils are taught how to carry out and set up PE equipment safely and efficiently. Staff check that equipment is set up safely
- Any concerns about the condition of the fitness suite equipment, gym floor, dance floor or other apparatus will be reported to the Operations Manager.

7.3 Display screen equipment

- All staff who use computers daily as a significant part of their normal work are provided a display screen equipment (DSE) self-assessment, they can also book an in person assessment. 'Significant' is taken to be continuous/near continuous spells of an hour or more at a time
- Staff identified as DSE users are entitled to an eyesight test for DSE use upon request, and at regular intervals thereafter, by a qualified optician (and corrective glasses provided if required specifically for DSE use)

7.4 Specialist equipment

Parents are responsible for the maintenance and safety of their children's wheelchairs. In school, staff promote the responsible use of wheelchairs.

8. Lone working

Lone working may include:

- Late working
- Home or site visits
- Weekend working
- Site team duties
- Site cleaning duties
- Working in a single occupancy office
- Remote working, self-isolation and/or remote learning

Potentially dangerous activities, such as those where there is a risk of falling from height, will not be undertaken when working alone. If there are any doubts about the task to be performed, then the task will be postponed until other staff members are available.

If lone working is to be undertaken, a colleague, friend or family member will be informed about where the member of staff is and when they are likely to return.

The lone worker will ensure they are medically fit to work alone.

9. Working at height

We will ensure that work is properly planned, supervised and carried out by competent people with the skills, knowledge and experience to do the work.

In addition:

- The caretaker retains ladders for working at height
- Pupils are prohibited from using ladders
- Staff will wear appropriate footwear and clothing when using ladders
- Contractors are expected to provide their own ladders for working at height
- Before using a ladder, staff are expected to conduct a visual inspection to ensure its safety
- Access to high levels, such as roofs, is only permitted by trained persons

10. Manual handling

It is up to individuals to determine whether they are fit to lift or move equipment and furniture. If an individual feels that to lift an item could result in injury or exacerbate an existing condition, they will ask for assistance.

The school will ensure that proper mechanical aids and lifting equipment are available in school, and that staff are trained in how to use them safely.

Staff and pupils are expected to use the following basic manual handling procedure:

- Plan the lift and assess the load. If it is awkward or heavy, use a mechanical aid, such as a trolley, or ask another person to help
- Take the more direct route that is clear from obstruction and is as flat as possible
- Ensure the area where you plan to offload the load is clear
- When lifting, bend your knees and keep your back straight, feet apart and angled out. Ensure the load is held close to the body and firmly. Lift smoothly and slowly and avoid twisting, stretching and reaching where practicable

11. Off-site visits

When taking pupils off the school premises, we will ensure that:

- Risk assessments will be completed where off-site visits and activities require them
- All off-site visits are appropriately staffed
- Staff will take a school mobile phone, an appropriate portable first aid kit, information about the specific medical needs of pupils, along with the parents' contact details
- There will always be at least one trained first aider on school trips and visits when a pupil with a IHCP is in attendance

12. Lettings

Lydiard Park Academy are responsible for school lettings, this responsibility is passed hirer to maintain health and safety in line with the School & Trust policy.

13. Violence at work

We believe that staff should not be in any danger at work, and will not tolerate violent or threatening behaviour towards our staff.

All staff will report any incidents of aggression or violence (or near misses) directed to themselves to their line manager/headteacher immediately. This applies to violence from pupils, visitors or other staff.

14. Smoking/Vaping

Smoking/vaping is not permitted anywhere on the school premises.

15. Infection prevention and control

We follow national guidance published by the UK Health Security Agency when responding to infection control issues. We will encourage staff and pupils to follow this good hygiene practice, outlined below, where applicable.

15.1 Handwashing

- Wash hands with liquid soap and warm water, and dry with drying facilities.
- Always wash hands after using the toilet, before eating or handling food, and after handling animals
- Cover all cuts and abrasions with waterproof dressings

15.2 Coughing and sneezing

- Cover mouth and nose with a tissue
- Wash hands after using or disposing of tissues

- Spitting is discouraged

15.3 Personal protective equipment

- Wear disposable non-powdered vinyl or latex-free CE-marked gloves and disposable plastic aprons where there is a risk of splashing or contamination with blood/body fluids (for example, vomit or blood)
- Wear goggles if there is a risk of splashing to the face
- Use the correct personal protective equipment when handling cleaning chemicals
- Use personal protective equipment (PPE) to control the spread of infectious diseases where required or recommended by government guidance and/or a risk assessment

15.4 Cleaning of the environment

- Clean the environment frequently and thoroughly

15.5 Cleaning of blood and body fluid spillages

- Clean up all spillages of blood, feces, saliva, vomit, nasal and eye discharges immediately and wear personal protective equipment
- When spillages occur, clean using a product that combines both a detergent and a disinfectant, and use as per manufacturer's instructions. Ensure it is effective against bacteria and viruses, and suitable for use on the affected surface
- Never use mops for cleaning up blood and body fluid spillages – use disposable paper towels and discard clinical waste as described below
- Make spillage kits available for blood spills

15.6 Laundry

- Wash laundry in a separate dedicated facility
- Wash soiled linen separately and at the hottest wash the fabric will tolerate
- Wear personal protective clothing when handling soiled linen
- Bag children's soiled clothing to be sent home, never rinse by hand

15.7 Clinical waste

- Always segregate domestic and clinical waste, in accordance with local policy
- Used nappies/pads, gloves, aprons and soiled dressings are stored in correct clinical waste bags in foot-operated bins
- Remove clinical waste with a registered waste contractor
- Remove all clinical waste bags when they are two-thirds full and store in a dedicated, secure area while awaiting collection

15.9 Infectious disease management

We will ensure adequate risk reduction measures are in place to manage the spread of acute respiratory diseases, including COVID-19, and carry out appropriate risk assessments, reviewing them regularly and monitoring whether any measures in place are working effectively.

We will follow local and national guidance on the use of control measures including:

Following good hygiene practices

- We will encourage all staff and pupils to regularly wash their hands with soap and water or hand sanitizer, and follow recommended practices for respiratory hygiene. Where required, we will provide appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE)

Implementing an appropriate cleaning regime

- We will regularly clean equipment and rooms, and ensure surfaces that are frequently touched are cleaned once per day in line with the school clean standard (SLA)

Keeping rooms well ventilated

- We will use risk assessments to identify rooms or areas with poor ventilation and put measures in place to improve airflow, including opening external windows, opening internal doors and mechanical ventilation

15.10 Pupils vulnerable to infection

Some medical conditions make pupils vulnerable to infections that would rarely be serious in most children. The school will normally have been made aware of such vulnerable children. These children are particularly vulnerable to chickenpox, measles or slapped cheek disease (parvovirus B19) and, if exposed to any of these, the parent/carer will be informed promptly and further medical advice sought. We will advise these children to have additional immunisations, for example for pneumococcal and influenza.

15.11 Exclusion periods for infectious diseases

The school will follow recommended exclusion periods outlined by the UK Health Security Agency and other government guidance.

In the event of an epidemic/pandemic, we will follow advice from the UK Health Security Agency about the appropriate course of action.

16. New and expectant mothers

Risk assessments will be carried out whenever any employee or pupil notifies the school that they are pregnant.

Appropriate measures will be put in place to control risks identified. Some specific risks are summarised below:

- Chickenpox can affect the pregnancy if a woman has not already had the infection. Expectant mothers should report exposure to an antenatal carer and GP at any stage of exposure. Shingles is caused by the same virus as chickenpox, so anyone who has not had chickenpox is potentially vulnerable to the infection if they have close contact with a case of shingles
- If a pregnant woman comes into contact with measles or German measles (rubella), she should inform her antenatal carer and GP immediately to ensure investigation
- Slapped cheek disease (parvovirus B19) can occasionally affect an unborn child. If exposed early in pregnancy (before 20 weeks), the pregnant woman should inform her antenatal care and GP as this must be investigated promptly
- Some pregnant women will be at greater risk of severe illness from COVID-19

17. Occupational stress

We are committed to promoting high levels of health and wellbeing, and recognise the importance of identifying and reducing workplace stressors through risk assessment.

Systems are in place within the school for responding to individual concerns and monitoring staff workloads.

18. Accident reporting and First Aid

18.1 Accident record

- A medical note on a pupil's arbor account will be completed as soon as possible after the accident occurs by the member of staff or first aider who deals with it.
- As much detail as possible will be supplied when reporting an accident
- Information about injuries will also be kept in the pupil's educational record
- Records held in the first aid section will be retained by the school until the child reaches the age of 21, in accordance with regulation 25 of the Social Security (Claims and Payments) Regulations 1979.
- If the pupil has been taken from School directly to hospital the accident or incident should be reported through Delegated Services GOTO portal.

18.2 Reporting to the Health and Safety Executive

The Operations Manager will keep a record of any accident that results in a reportable injury, disease, or dangerous occurrence as defined in the RIDDOR 2013 legislation (regulations 4, 5, 6 and 7).

The Operations Manager will report these to Delegated Services as soon as is reasonably practicable and in any event within 10 days of the incident- these are then passed on to the HSE as required by Delegated Services.

Reportable injuries, diseases or dangerous occurrences include:

- Death
- Specified injuries. These are:
 - Fractures, other than to fingers, thumbs and toes
 - Amputations
 - Any injury likely to lead to permanent loss of sight or reduction in sight
 - Any crush injury to the head or torso causing damage to the brain or internal organs
 - Serious burns (including scalding)
 - Any scalping requiring hospital treatment
 - Any loss of consciousness caused by head injury or asphyxia
 - Any other injury arising from working in an enclosed space, which leads to hypothermia or heat-induced illness, or requires resuscitation or admittance to hospital for more than 24 hours
- Injuries where an employee is away from work or unable to perform their normal work duties for more than 7 consecutive days

- Where an accident leads to someone being taken to hospital
- Where something happens that does not result in an injury, but could have done
- Near-miss events that do not result in an injury, but could have done. Examples of near-miss events relevant to schools include, but are not limited to:
 - The collapse or failure of load-bearing parts of lifts and lifting equipment
 - The accidental release of a biological agent likely to cause severe human illness
 - The accidental release or escape of any substance that may cause a serious injury or damage to health
 - An electrical short circuit or overload causing a fire or explosion

Information on how to make a RIDDOR report is available here:

How to make a RIDDOR report – <http://www.hse.gov.uk/riddor/report.htm>

18.3 Notifying parents

The First Aider will inform parents of any accident or injury sustained where a pupil can no longer remain in school, or if the First Aider feels the child may need to be monitored further in once they reach home.

18.4 Reporting to child protection agencies

The Designated Safeguarding Lead will notify any local child protection agencies of any serious accident or injury to, or the death of, a pupil while in the school's care.

18.5 First Aid procedures

In-school procedures

In the event of an accident resulting in injury:

- The closest member of staff present will assess the seriousness of the injury and seek the assistance of a qualified first aider, if appropriate, who will provide the required first aid treatment
- The first aider, if called, will assess the injury and decide if further assistance is needed from a colleague or the emergency services. They will remain on the scene until help arrives
- The first aider will also decide whether the injured person should be moved or placed in a recovery position
- If the first aider judges that a pupil is too unwell to remain in school, parents will be contacted and asked to collect their child. Upon their arrival, the first aider will recommend next steps to the parents
- If emergency services are called, the first aider or reception will contact parents immediately
- The first aider will complete an accident report form on the same day or as soon as is reasonably practical after an incident resulting in an injury
- The first aider will support any child with a medical need within school, or on a school trip. This forms part of our annual training delivered by the School nurse on pupils individual needs

Off-site procedures

When taking pupils off the school premises, staff will ensure they always have the following:

- A school mobile phone
- A portable first aid kit including, at minimum:
 - A leaflet giving general advice on first aid
 - 6 individually wrapped sterile adhesive dressings
 - 1 large sterile unmedicated dressing
 - 2 triangular bandages – individually wrapped and preferably sterile
 - 2 safety pins
 - individually wrapped moist cleansing wipes
 - 2 pairs of disposable gloves
- Information about the specific medical needs of pupils
- Parents' contact details

When transporting pupils using a minibus or other large vehicle, the school will make sure the vehicle is equipped with a clearly marked first aid box containing, at minimum:

- 10 antiseptic wipes, foil packed
- 1 conforming disposable bandage (not less than 7.5cm wide)
- 2 triangular bandages
- 1 packet of 24 assorted adhesive dressings
- 3 large sterile unmedicated ambulance dressings (not less than 15cm x 20 cm)
- 2 sterile eye pads, with attachments
- 12 assorted safety pins
- 1 pair of rustproof blunt-ended scissors

Risk assessments will be completed by the Operations Manager or Trip Leader prior to any educational visit that necessitates taking pupils off school premises.

There will always be at least 1 first aider available on school trips and visits.

19. Training

Our staff are provided with health and safety training as part of their induction process.

Staff who work in high-risk environments, such as in science labs or with woodwork equipment, or work with pupils with special educational needs (SEN), are given additional health and safety training.

20. Monitoring

This policy will be reviewed by the Operations Manager every 2 years.

At every review, the policy will be approved by the Headteacher and relevant Local Advisory Board members.

21. Links with other policies

This health and safety policy links to the following policies:

- Risk assessment
- Supporting pupils with medical conditions
- Accessibility plan
- Emergency or critical incident plan
- Safeguarding

Appendix 1. Recommended absence period for preventing the spread of infection

This list of recommended absence periods for preventing the spread of infection is taken from non-statutory guidance for schools and other childcare settings from the UK Health Security Agency. For each of these infections or complaints, there [is further information in the guidance on the symptoms, how it spreads and some 'dos and don'ts' to follow that you can check](#).

In confirmed cases of infectious disease, we will follow the recommended self-isolation period based on government guidance.

Infection or complaint	Recommended period to be kept away from school or nursery
Athlete's foot	None.
Campylobacter	Until 48 hours after symptoms have stopped.
Chicken pox (shingles)	Cases of chickenpox are generally infectious from 2 days before the rash appears to 5 days after the onset of rash. Although the usual exclusion period is 5 days, all lesions should be crusted over before children return to nursery or school. A person with shingles is infectious to those who have not had chickenpox and should be excluded from school if the rash is weeping and cannot be covered or until the rash is dry and crusted over.
Cold sores	None.
Respiratory infections including coronavirus (COVID-19)	Children and young people should not attend if they have a high temperature and are unwell. Anyone with a positive test result for COVID-19 should not attend the setting for 3 days after the day of the test.
Rubella (German measles)	5 days from appearance of the rash.
Hand, foot and mouth	Children are safe to return to school or nursery as soon as they are feeling better, there is no need to stay off until the blisters have all healed.
Impetigo	Until lesions are crusted and healed, or 48 hours after starting antibiotic treatment.
Measles	Cases are infectious from 4 days before onset of rash to 4 days

	after, so it is important to ensure cases are excluded from school during this period.
Ringworm	Exclusion not needed once treatment has started.
Scabies	The infected child or staff member should be excluded until after the first treatment has been carried out.
Scarlet fever	Children can return to school 24 hours after commencing appropriate antibiotic treatment. If no antibiotics have been administered, the person will be infectious for 2 to 3 weeks. If there is an outbreak of scarlet fever at the school or nursery, the health protection team will assist with letters and a factsheet to send to parents or carers and staff.
Slapped cheek syndrome, Parvovirus B19, Fifth's disease	None (not infectious by the time the rash has developed).
Bacillary Dysentery (Shigella)	Microbiological clearance is required for some types of shigella species prior to the child or food handler returning to school.
Diarrhoea and/or vomiting (Gastroenteritis)	<p>Children and adults with diarrhoea or vomiting should be excluded until 48 hours after symptoms have stopped and they are well enough to return. If medication is prescribed, ensure that the full course is completed and there is no further diarrhoea or vomiting for 48 hours after the course is completed.</p> <p>For some gastrointestinal infections, longer periods of exclusion from school are required and there may be a need to obtain microbiological clearance. For these groups, your local health protection team, school health adviser or environmental health officer will advise.</p> <p>If a child has been diagnosed with cryptosporidium, they should NOT go swimming for 2 weeks following the last episode of diarrhoea.</p>
Cryptosporidiosis	Until 48 hours after symptoms have stopped.
E. coli (verocytotoxigenic or VTEC)	The standard exclusion period is until 48 hours after symptoms have resolved. However, some people pose a greater risk to others and may be excluded until they have a negative stool sample (for example, pre-school infants, food handlers, and care staff working with vulnerable people). The health protection team will advise in these instances.

Food poisoning	Until 48 hours from the last episode of vomiting and diarrhoea and they are well enough to return. Some infections may require longer periods (local health protection team will advise).
Salmonella	Until 48 hours after symptoms have stopped.
Typhoid and Paratyphoid fever	Seek advice from environmental health officers or the local health protection team.
Flu (influenza)	Until recovered.
Tuberculosis (TB)	Pupils and staff with infectious TB can return to school after 2 weeks of treatment if well enough to do so and as long as they have responded to anti-TB therapy. Pupils and staff with non-pulmonary TB do not require exclusion and can return to school as soon as they are well enough.
Whooping cough (pertussis)	A child or staff member should not return to school until they have had 48 hours of appropriate treatment with antibiotics and they feel well enough to do so, or 21 days from onset of illness if no antibiotic treatment.
Conjunctivitis	None.
Giardia	Until 48 hours after symptoms have stopped.
Glandular fever	None (can return once they feel well).
Head lice	None.
Hepatitis A	Exclude cases from school while unwell or until 7 days after the onset of jaundice (or onset of symptoms if no jaundice, or if under 5, or where hygiene is poor. There is no need to exclude well, older children with good hygiene who will have been much more infectious prior to diagnosis.
Hepatitis B	Acute cases of hepatitis B will be too ill to attend school and their doctors will advise when they can return. Do not exclude chronic cases of hepatitis B or restrict their activities. Similarly, do not exclude staff with chronic hepatitis B infection. Contact your local health protection team for more advice if required.
Hepatitis C	None.

Meningococcal meningitis/ septicaemia	If the child has been treated and has recovered, they can return to school.
Meningitis	Once the child has been treated (if necessary) and has recovered, they can return to school. No exclusion is needed.
Meningitis viral	None.
MRSA (meticillin resistant Staphylococcus aureus)	None.
Mumps	5 days after onset of swelling (if well).
Threadworm	None.
Rotavirus	Until 48 hours after symptoms have subsided.