		Links to KS3	Subject content taught at KS3 is developed and expanded to provide greater understanding of the key concepts of all three science disciplines.						
			Practical skills are developed and equipment and apparatus used in KS3 is expected to be applied to KS4.						
			The aim of the science curriculum is to equip the pupils with the scientific literacy skills to make informed decisions about their future, to inspire a love of science that will see them continue their scientific education,						
	Intent	Statement of Intent	be curious about the world around them and have the knowledge and skills to question concepts and communicate ideas.						
		Timeline	Term 1 - 7 Weeks	Term 2 - 7 Weeks	Term 3 - 7 Weeks	Term 4 - 6 Weeks	Term 5 - 5 Weeks	Term 6 - 6 Weeks	
	Implementation (Year 9)	Year Overview	The AQA Science GCSE specification i 10.	s taught. In the first yearthe topics	chosen are those that are more acce	ssible to the year group. All studen	s are taught the higher tier of entry materieal and are not set until Year		
. Curriculum Overview		sow	B1 - Cell Biology P1 - Energy		C1 - Atoms and the Periodic Table B2 - Organisation - part 1		B2 - Organisation - part 2 C2 - Structure and Bonding		
		Assessment Type & Unit Focus	Bu - Cell Biology: Prokaryotes, eukaryotes, animal and plant cells, cell differentiation and specialisation, microscopy and magnification. Culturing microorganisms. Chromosomes, cell cycle, growth curves, mitosis and meiosis, stem cells and cancer. Diffusion and exchange surfaces, investigating diffusion (link to surface area:volume ratio), osmosis, active transport.  P1 - Energy: Energy stores and systems, Changes in energy stores Energy calculations, Power and efficiency, Conservation and dissipation of energy, National and Global Energy resources.  Skills: EDedicated lessons for skills, to be taught within topics.  Assessment is by end of unit tests and through practical skills.		C1 - Atoms and the Periodic Table: Atomic structure, separation techniques, history of the atom, RAM, chemical equations, electronic structure, the PT, groups 1,7 and 0, transition metals  B2 - Organisation: Enzymes - Function of enzymes, lock and key theory, investigating enzyme reactions, digestive enzymes, human digestive system, food tests. Principles of organisation - Animal organisation - Heart and blood vessels, blood, CHD. Health issues and effect of lifestyle. Plant organisation - Tissues, organs and transport systems, transportation and translocation.  Assessment is by end of unit tests and through practical skills.		B2 - Organisation: Enzymes - Function of enzymes, lock and key theory, investigating enzyme reactions, digestive enzymes, human digestive system, food tests. Principles of organisation. Animal organisation - Heart and blood vessels, blood, CHD. Health issues and effect of lifestyle. Plant organisation - Tissues, organs and transport systems, transportation and translocation.  C2 - Bonding, Structure and the properties of matter: Types of bonding: lonic, covalent and metallic. The properties of these types of bonding including boiling points, metring points, thermal and electrical conductivity, hardness etc. Some specific examples of giant covalent compounds, the trends in simple covalent molecules, polymers, nanoscience  Assessment is by end of unit tests and through practical skills.		
	Implementation (Year 10)	Year Overview	Most pupils will now follow the AQA Combined Science (Trilogy) Specification. A number of pupils will continue to study the AQA Separate Science route that has more content.						
		sow	P2 - Electricity B3 - Infection and Response C3 - Quantitative Chemistry P3 -Particle model of matter		C4 - Chemical changes B4 - Bioenergetics P4 - Atomic structure P5 - Forces - part 1		P5 - Forces - part 2 B7 - Ecology C5 - Energy changes C6 - Rates of Reaction		
		Assessment Type & Unit Focus	P2 - Electricity: Circuit symbols, Curricharacteristic curves, Resistors in ser conductors, Mains electricity, Electricity	ies and parallel, Non-ohmic cal energy and power, The ric fields unicable diseases, human primary biotics & painkillers, vaccination drugs. Plant diseases and defence unoclonal antibodies, identifying vation of mass, relative formula ies, limiting factors (HT), concentrations, titrations and uring density, Internal energy and stent heat and SHC, Particle model	Rutherford's experiment, Radiation, radioactivity, Contamination and irr radiation, Uses of radiation, Fission	of acids, soluble salts, pH, n), strong and weak acids (HT), solutions.  uses of glucose in plants, action of limiting factors, explain rolving several limiting factors, shancing conditions for maximum respiration, response to exercise gen debt r and isotopes. History of the atom, Nuclear equations, Half-life of adiation, Hazards and background and fusion.  avity and weight ergy transfer by force, Forces and , pressure in fluids inc. on, Equations of motion, Newton's um and rate of change of	P5 - Forces: Scalars and Vectors, Gr. Resultant forces, Work done and en elasticity, Moment, levers and gears atmosphere, Velocity and accelerat Laws, Forces and Braking, Momentum B7 - Ecology: Communities, abiotic ilevels of organisation, trophic levels investigation. How materials are cy management, deforestation, global pollution and land use. Decomposit impact of environmental change) C5 - Energy changes: Exothermic reaction profiles, energy changes of (Triple only), cells and batteries. C6 - The rate and extent of chemica reactions, factors affecting reaction energy, catalysts, reversible reaction equilibrium, temperature and conce	sergy transfer by force, Forces and s, Pressure in fluids inc. on, Equations of motion, Newton's um and rate of change of and biotic factors, adaptations, i, biomass and sampling sled, biodiversity, waste warming, maintaining biodiversity, ion. Food production (HT only actions, endothermic reactions, freactions (HT only), fuel cells all change: Calculate rates of rates, collision theory, activation is, equilibrium, dynamic entration on equilibrium (HT).	

KS4		Year Overview	The AQA specification is completed by Easter in the final year of KS4						
		sow		B6 - Inheritance, variation and evolution P7 - Magnetism and electromagnetism C10 - Using Resources					
	Implementation (Year 11)	Assessment Type & Unit Focus	and eye. Homeostasis, the human endocrine system, control of blood glucose, hormones in reproduction and contraception. Control of body, plant hormones. Glucagon, negative feedback cycle to control blood glucose, hormonal control of the menstrual cycle, hormones to treat infertility, feedback systems, vasoconstriction and vasodilation, dearmination and ammonia production, ADH and water balance P6 - Waves: Longitudinal and transverse waves, Properties of waves	B6 - Inheritance, variation and evolution: Cells, reproduction, inheritance and variation, genetic engineering and selective breeding. P7 - Magnetisma and electromagnetism: Magnetic fields induced magnetism, Motor effect and Fleming's LHR, Electric motors and loudspeakers, induction: generators, microphones, transformers C10 - Using Resources: Materials and their properties, earth's resources, potable water, treating waste water, alternative methods of extracting metals, life cycle assessment, reducing the use of resources Rusting and prevention, useful alloys, ceramics, Haber process, fertilisers  Assessment is by end of unit tests and through practical skills.					
		Topic Texts AQA revision guide, Carousel Learning, BBC Bitesize, and Seneca Learning.							
	<u> </u>	Year Tracking	Data from end of topic assessments are collected by the Science department Tracking for whole school assesment is completed as per the school diary.						
		Literacy and Numeracy links	Literacy tasks are embedded within each topic and are designed to build confidence with the key words for the topic. Subject specific command words are used to build confidence with extended written responses.  Numeracy is developed throughout the course by a range of methods including the calculation of means, the calculation of percentages, recording data in tables, presenting data graphically and looking for patterns in the data. Primary data is collected through a range of instruments.						
		How It Is Used / Skills Set Developed / Outcomes	Every unit contains a common practical for all classes to complete. This develops skills in planning investigations, using scientific equipment safely, collecting and recoring data, presenting data graphically, analysing the results and presenting a conclusion. Further practical work is completed during most topics						
		Links to Higher Education	KS3 provides the bedrock for the GCSE Science courses, which in turn leads on to a wide variety of Scientific courses and KS5 and in Higher Education.						
		Careers in the Curriculum	Career links to each topic are available that highlight a range of industries that rely on an understaning of the subject content.						